Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Renaissance and Reformation Vocabulary Chart

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| **Vocabulary Term** | **Textbook Definition** | **Re-write the definition in your own words** | **Interact! Draw a picture or use the word in a sentence** |
| **Renaissance** | Means “rebirth”, Time period from 1300-1500 when there was a growing interest in learning and art |  |  |
| **Humanism** | A way of thinking that believed in the worth, rights and potential of all individuals. They tried to balance religious faith and the power of the human mind |  |  |
| **Classical Art** | Art from Greek and Roman times, showed the importance of people and leaders |  |  |
| **Perspective** | The appearance of distance or depth on a flat surface such as a painting |  |  |
| **Patron** | A person who supports the arts by supplying money to them |  |  |
| **Reformation** | Began in 1500 when the churches religious and moral authority was questioned |  |  |
| **Protestant** | Group of people who broke away from the Catholic church |  |  |
| **Indulgence** | A thing sold by the church is exchange for forgiveness of sins |  |  |
| **Doctrine** | Official teachings of the church |  |  |
| **Heresy** | Beliefs that contradict the official teachings of the church |  |  |
| **Denomination** | A smaller religious group within a larger religion. EX: the Lutheran church within Christianity |  |  |